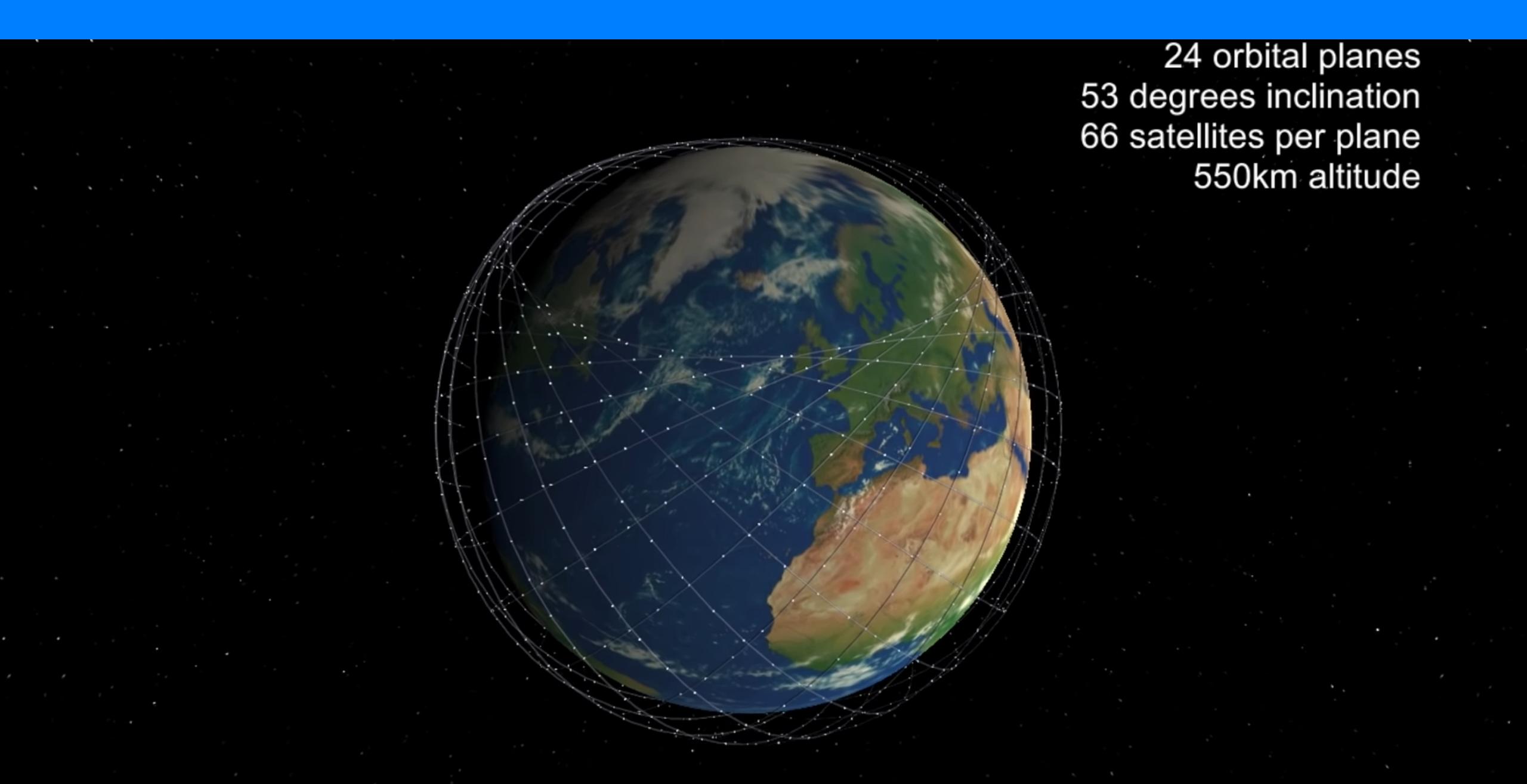
Lecture 17: Satellite Networks

CS 234 / NetSys 210:Advanced Computer Networks
Sangeetha Abdu Jyothi

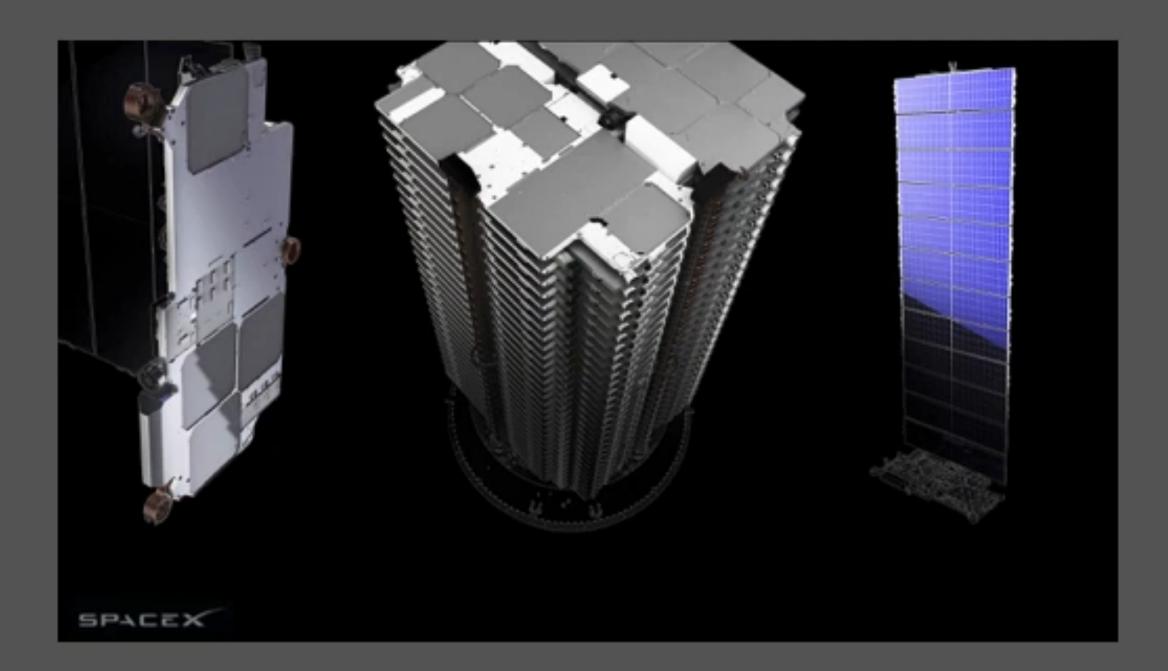


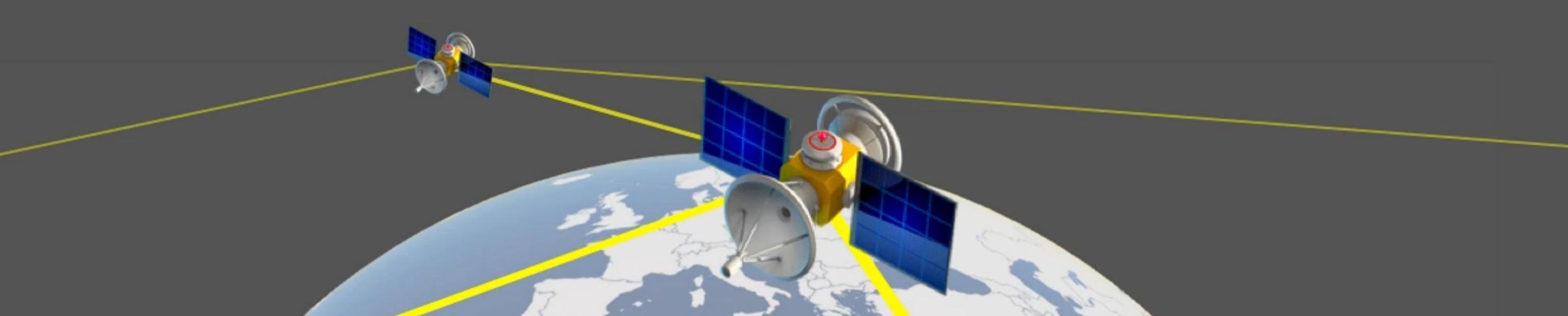
Starlink Network



Recent Advances







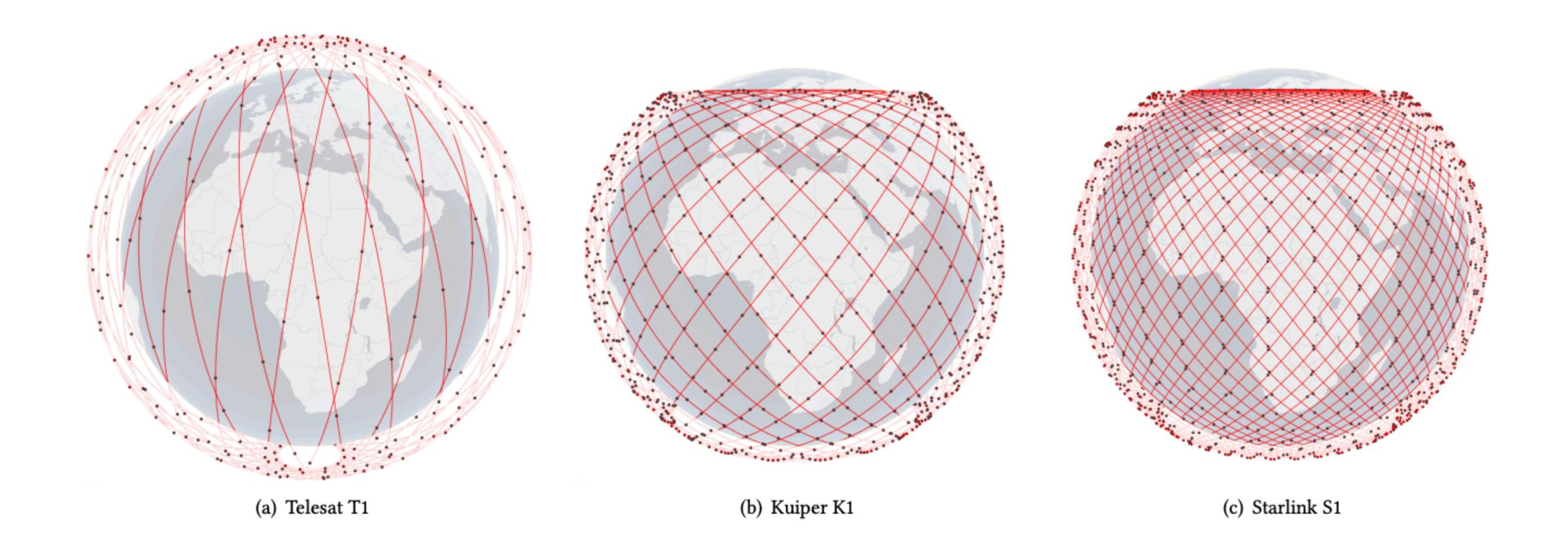
Amazon Kuiper

Amazon Kuiper

3,200 planned in 3 phases

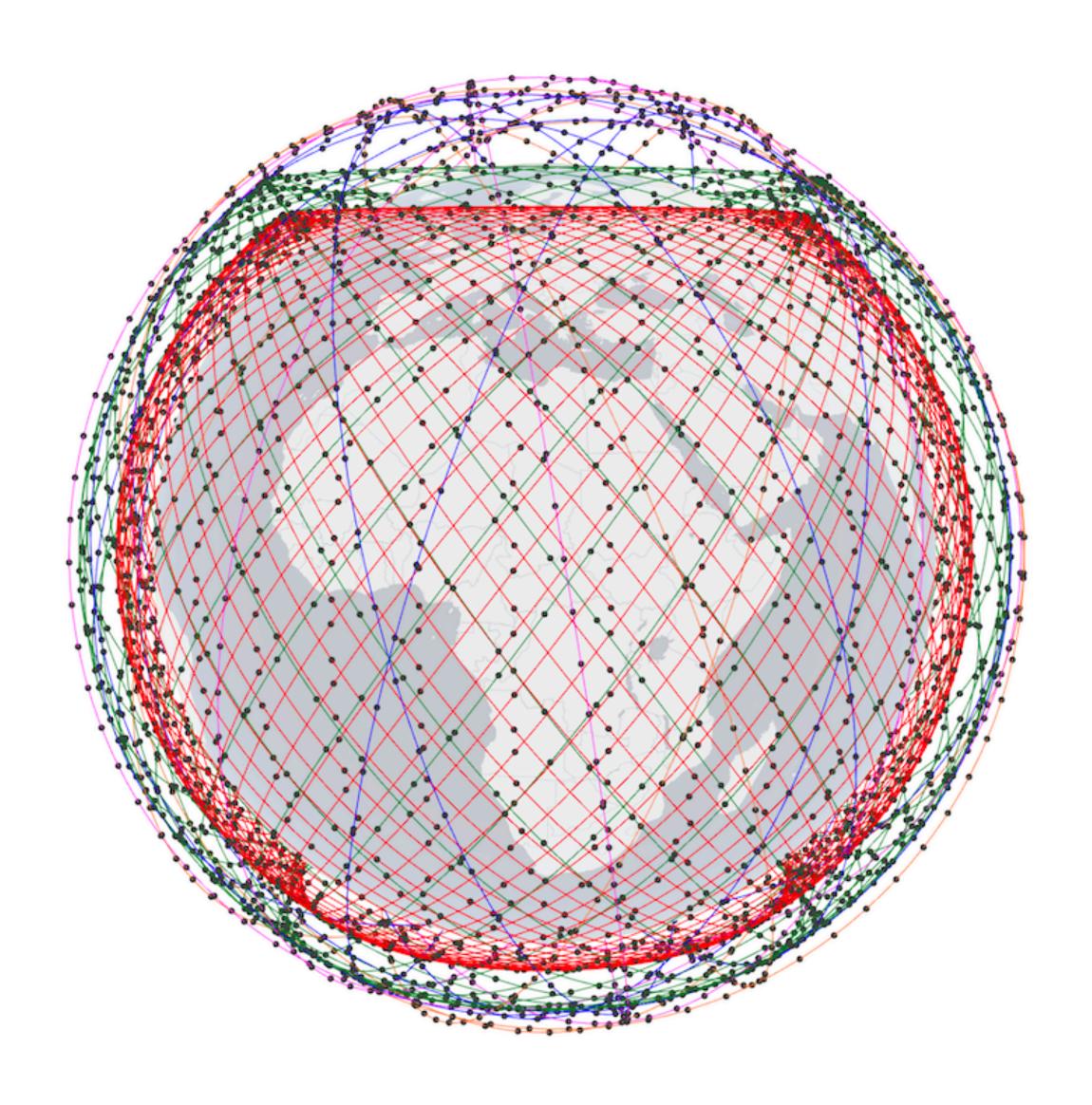


Satellite Networks



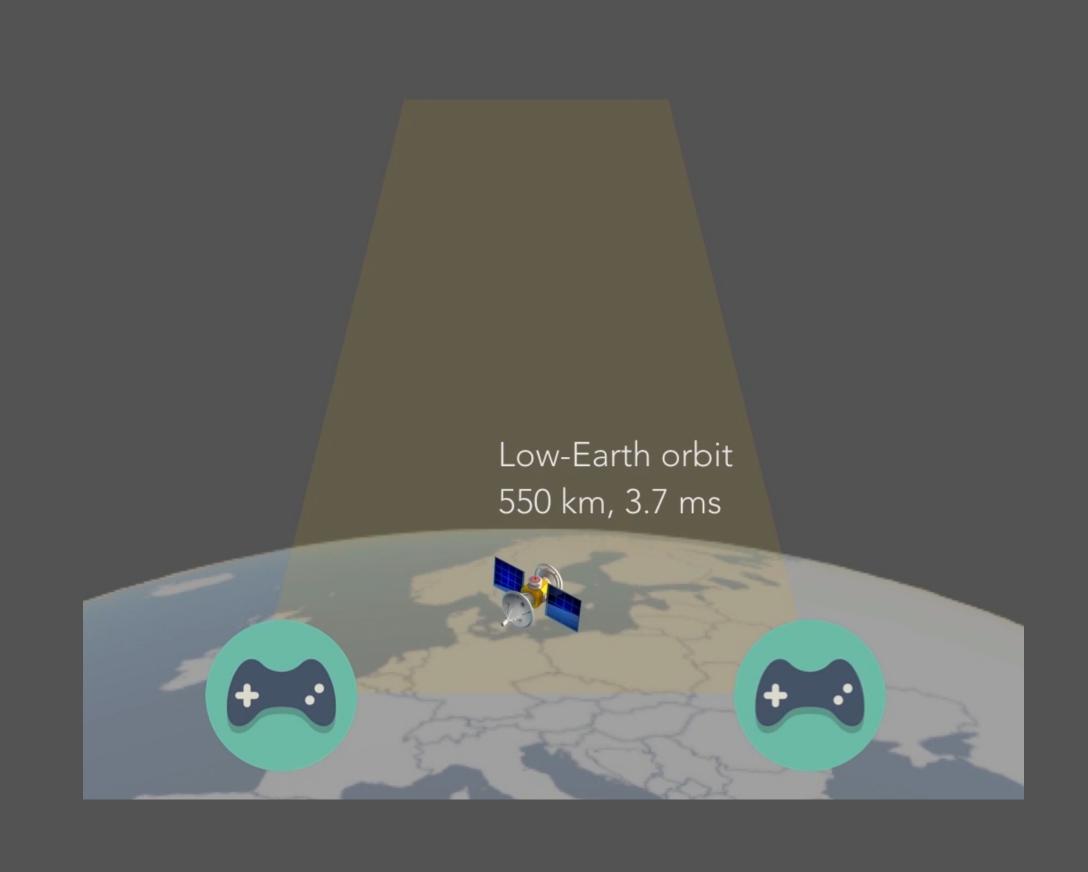
Other networks: OneWeb, LinkSure, Astrome, Hongyan, ...

Multiple Shells (Starlink)

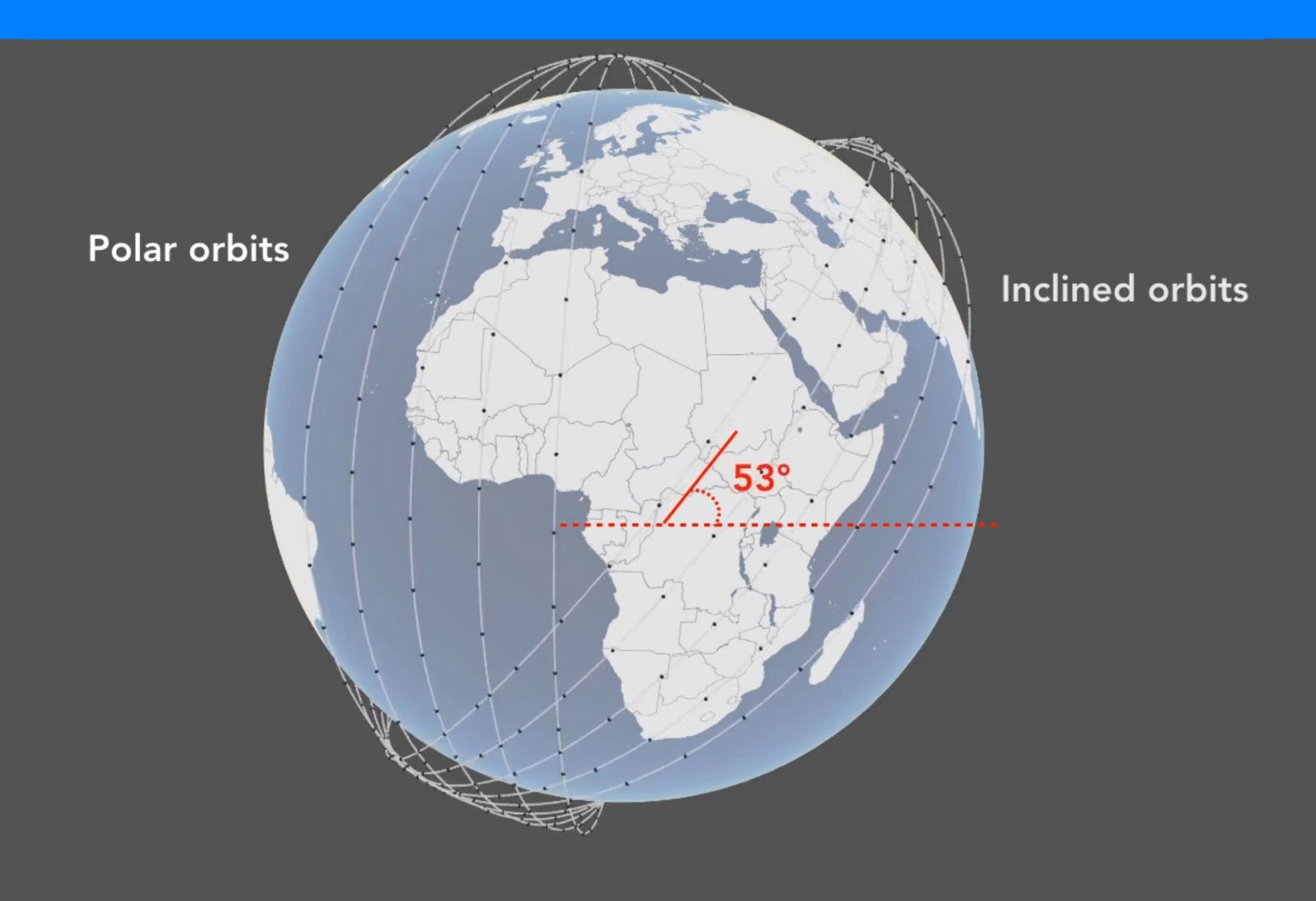


Altitude

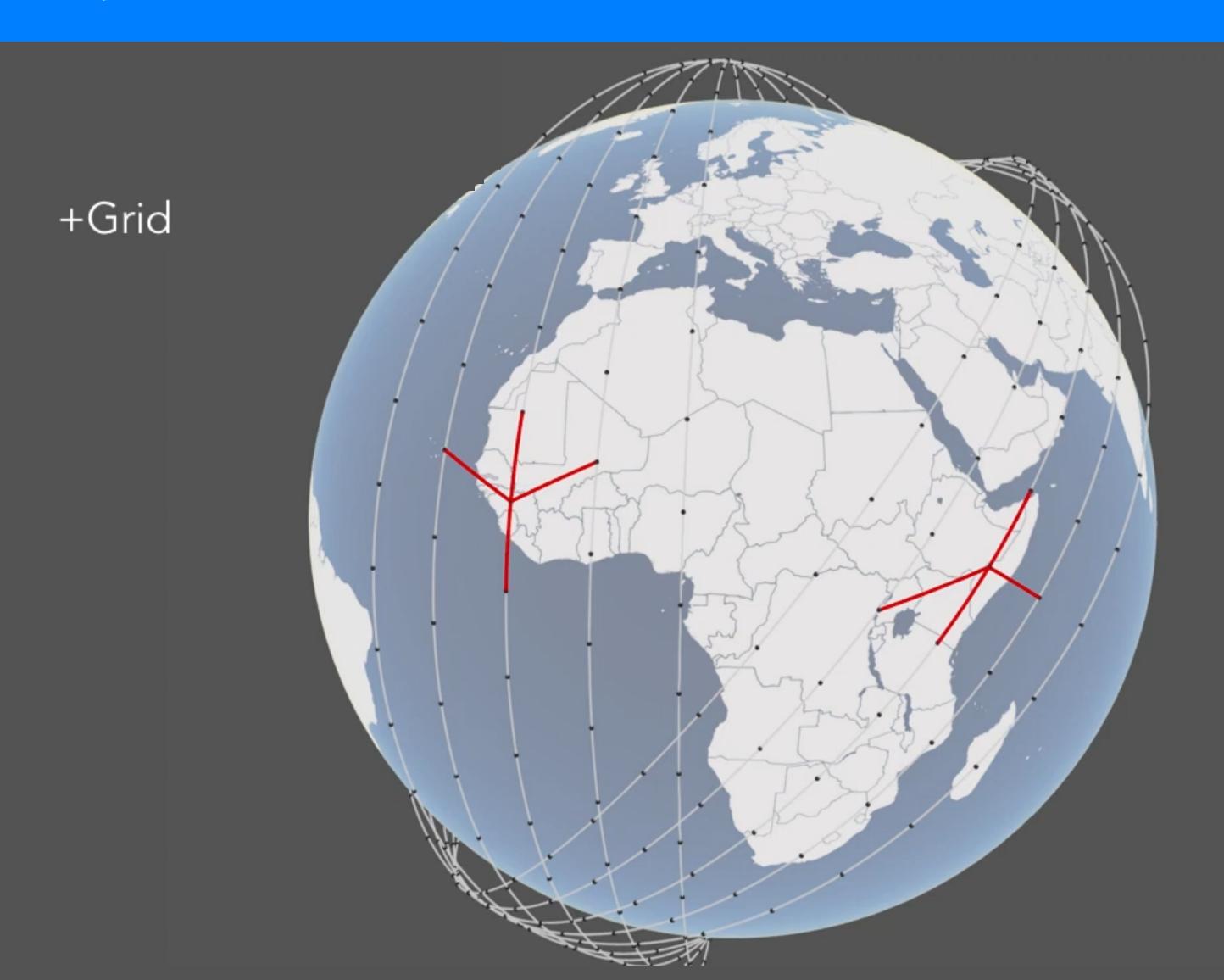




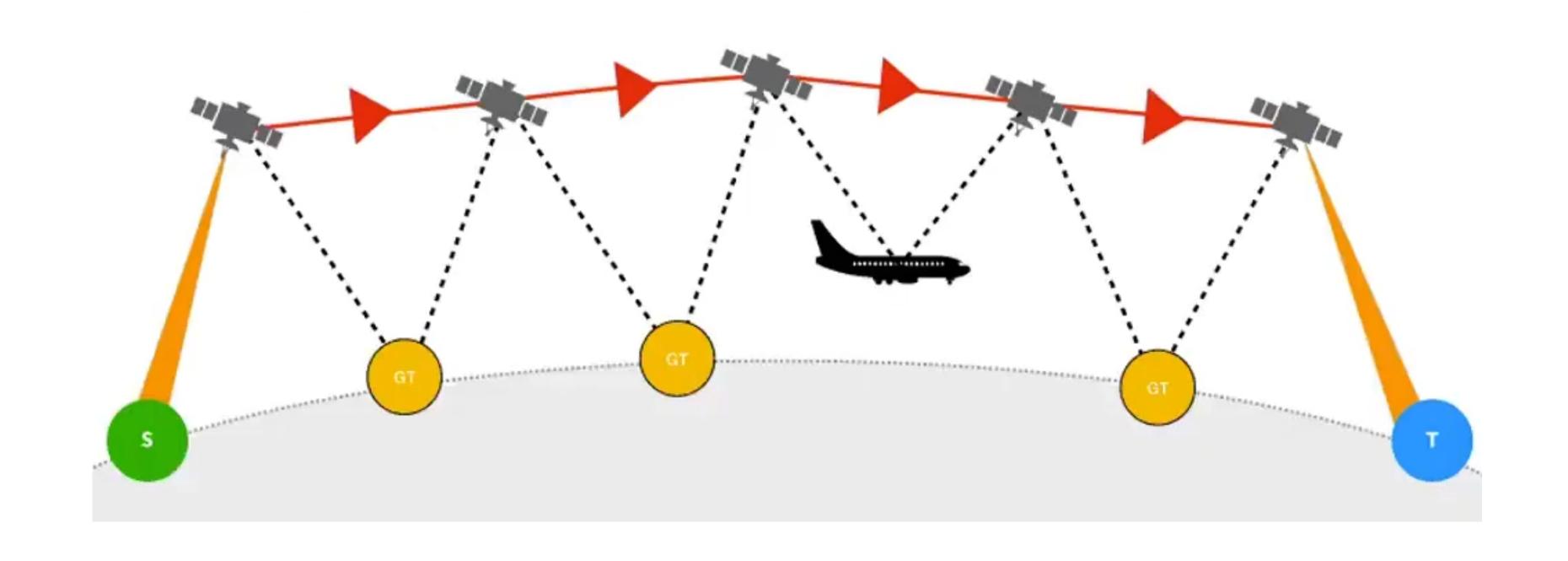
Inclination



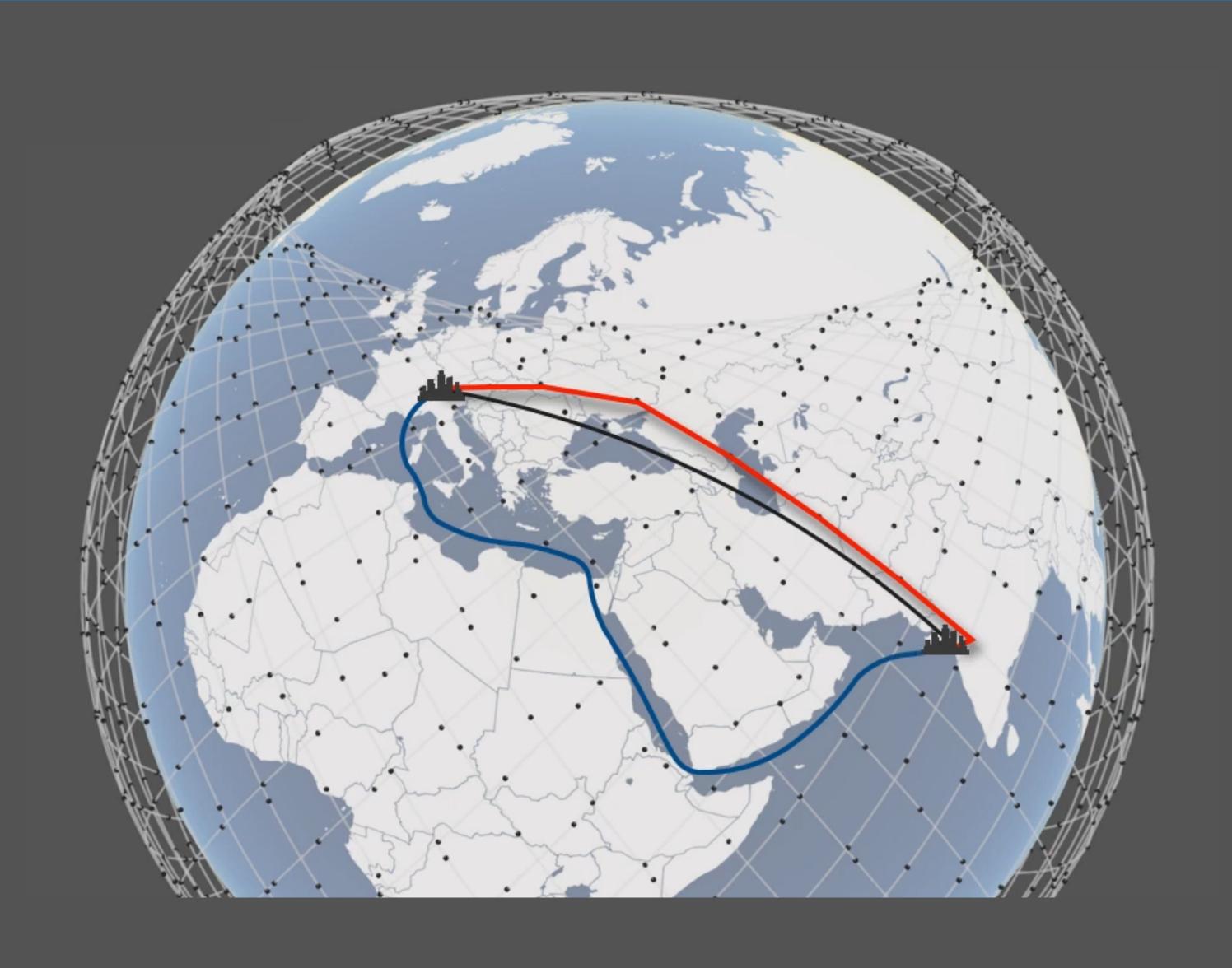
Connectivity



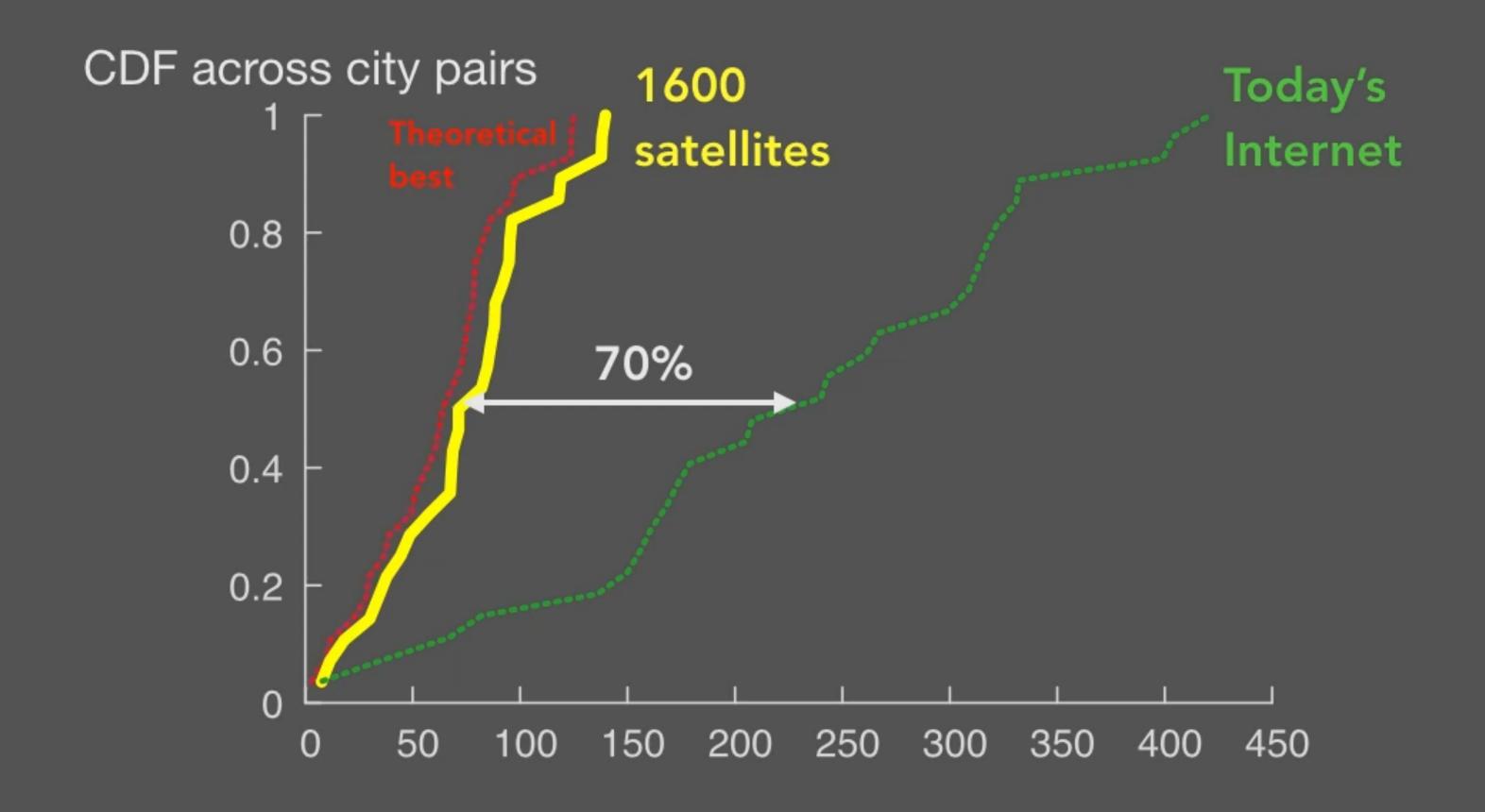
ISL vs. Bent Pipe



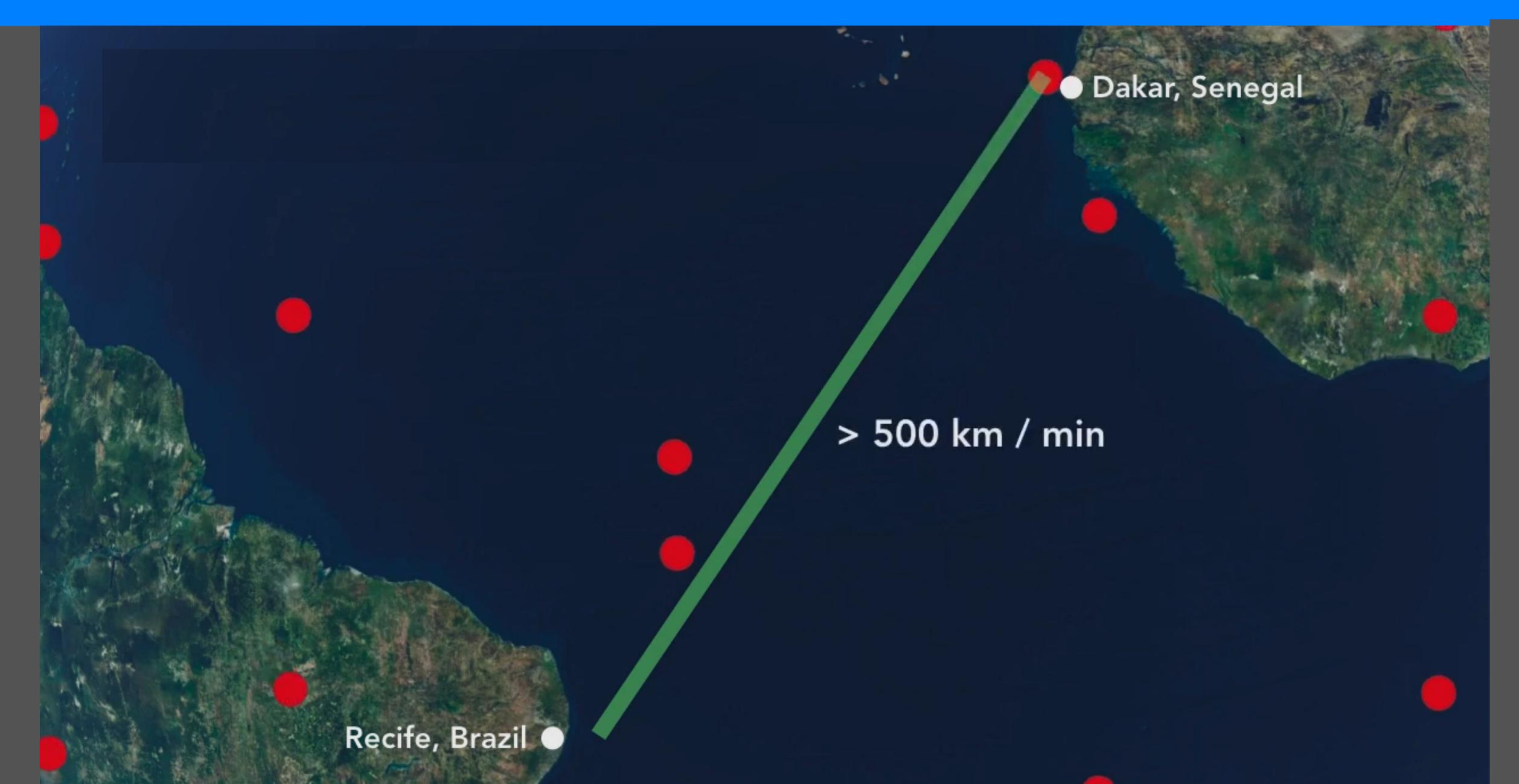
Latency



Latency Performance

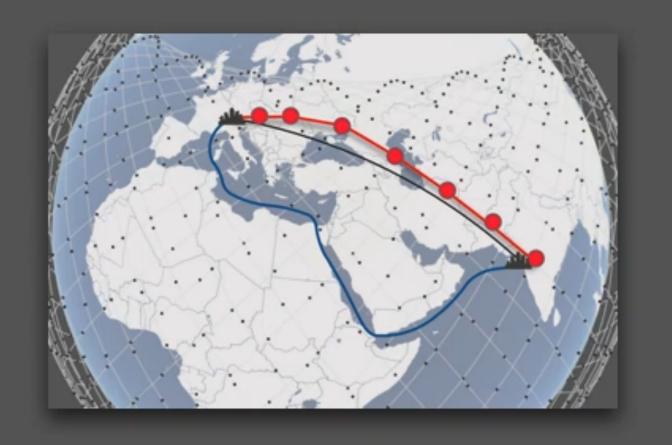


System Dynamics



Challenge

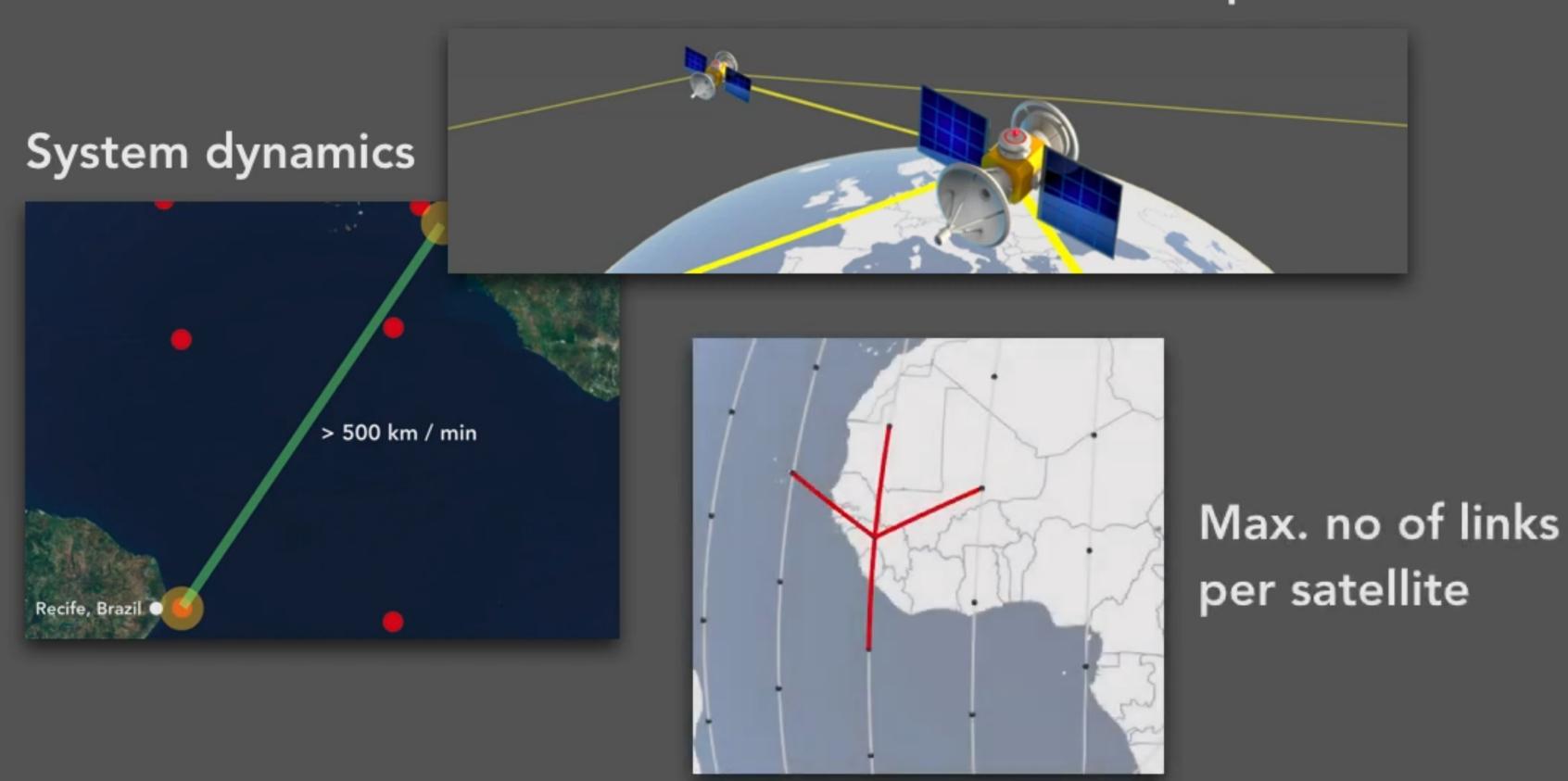
How do we connect satellites?





Key Constraints

Link setup times



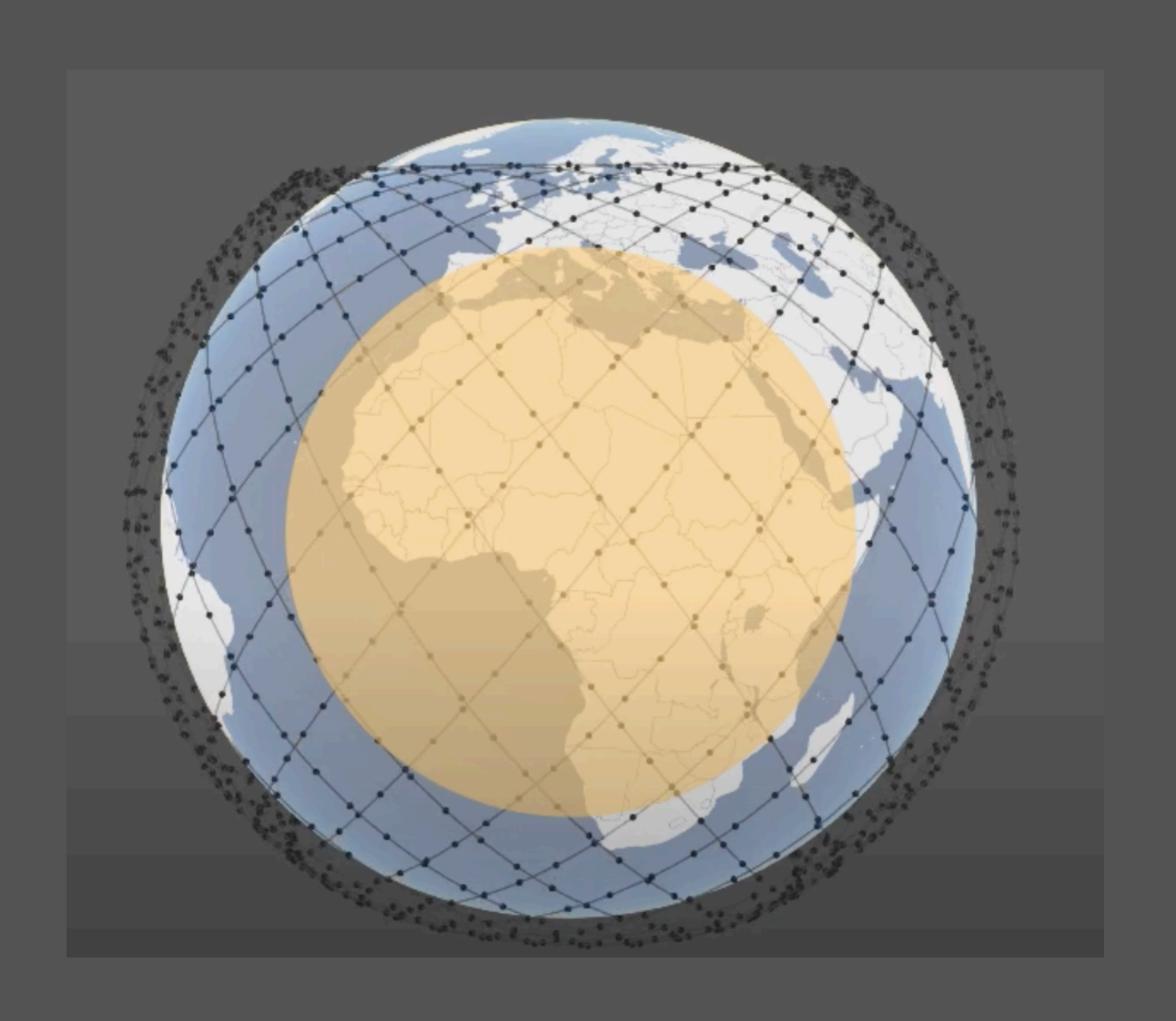
Assumptions

- Satellite Trajectories are given
- Traffic matrices drawn from intuition
- Ground-satellite connectivity is range bounded
- +Grid is the baseline

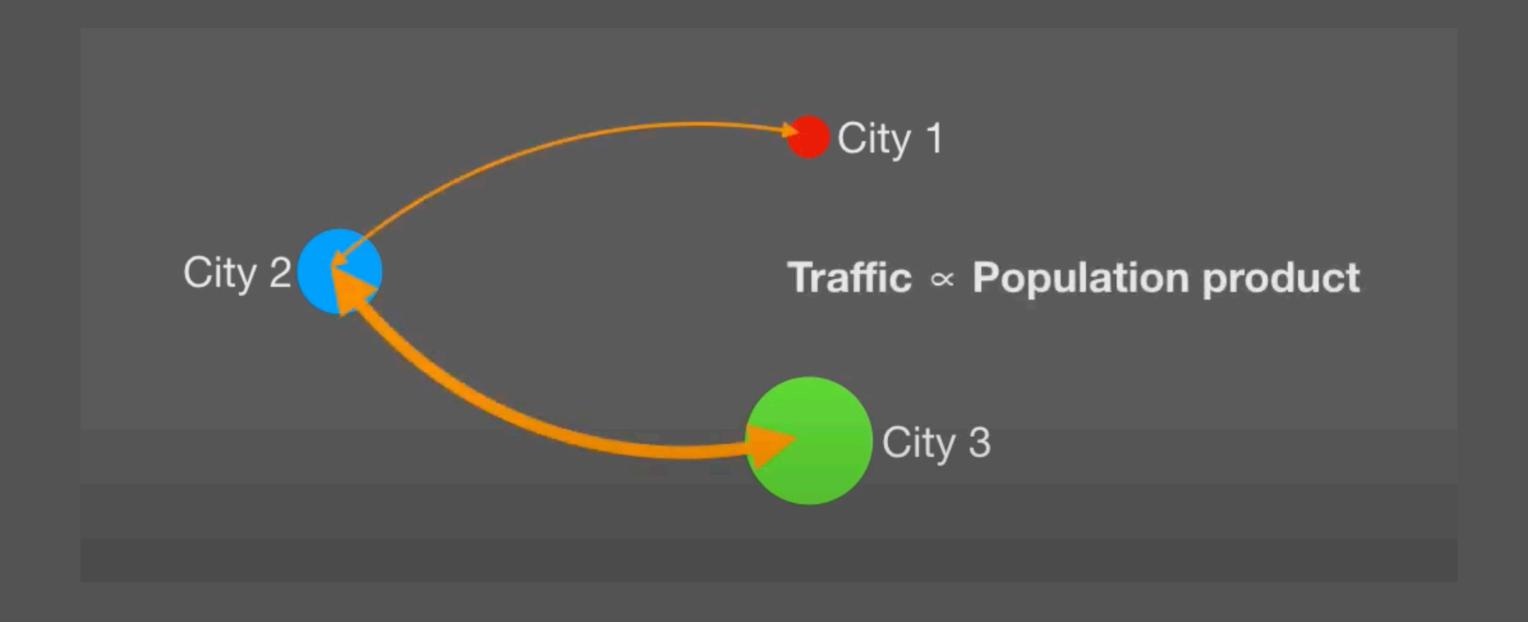
Can use much longer links



Much larger design space



Traffic Matrix



Metrics

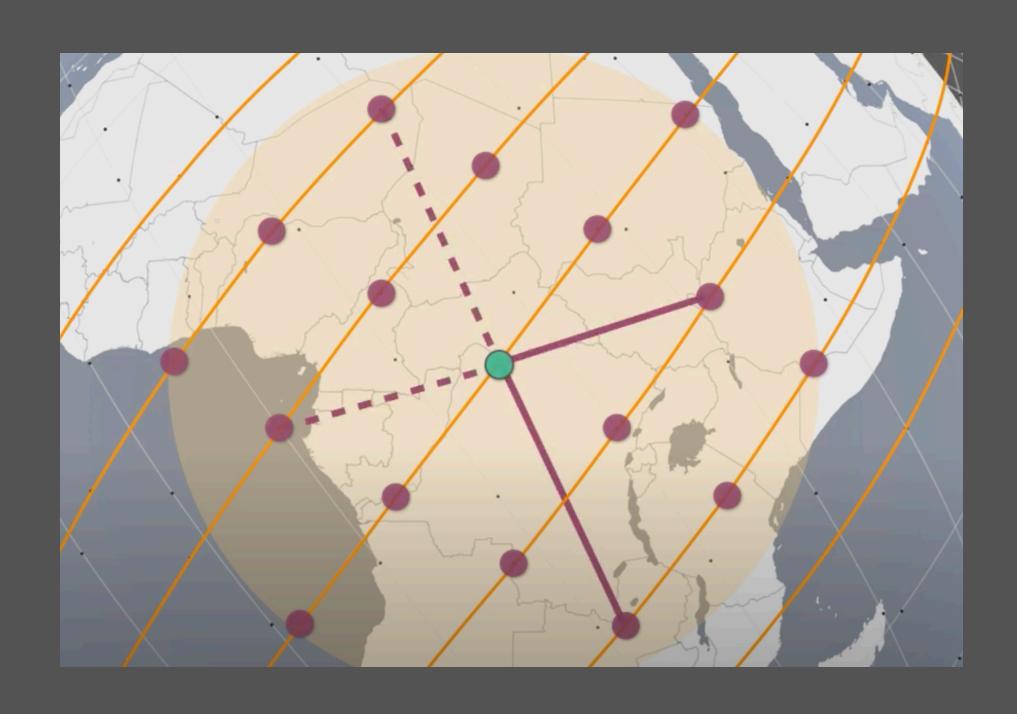


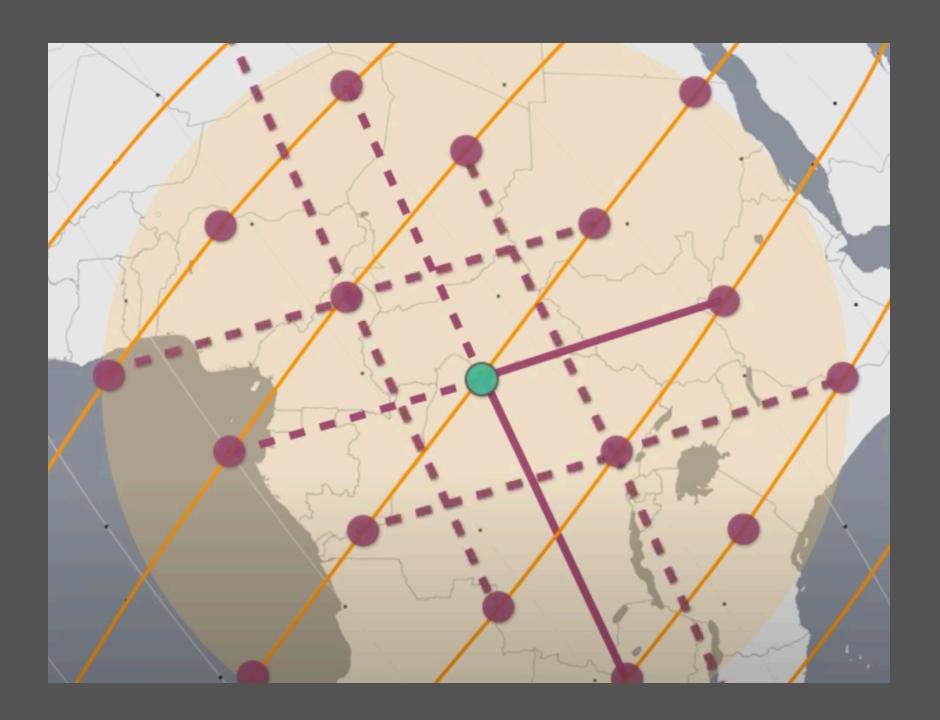
Why not use ILP?

For 1000 cities, would take ~10²⁹ days

One minute apart ~91% links are different

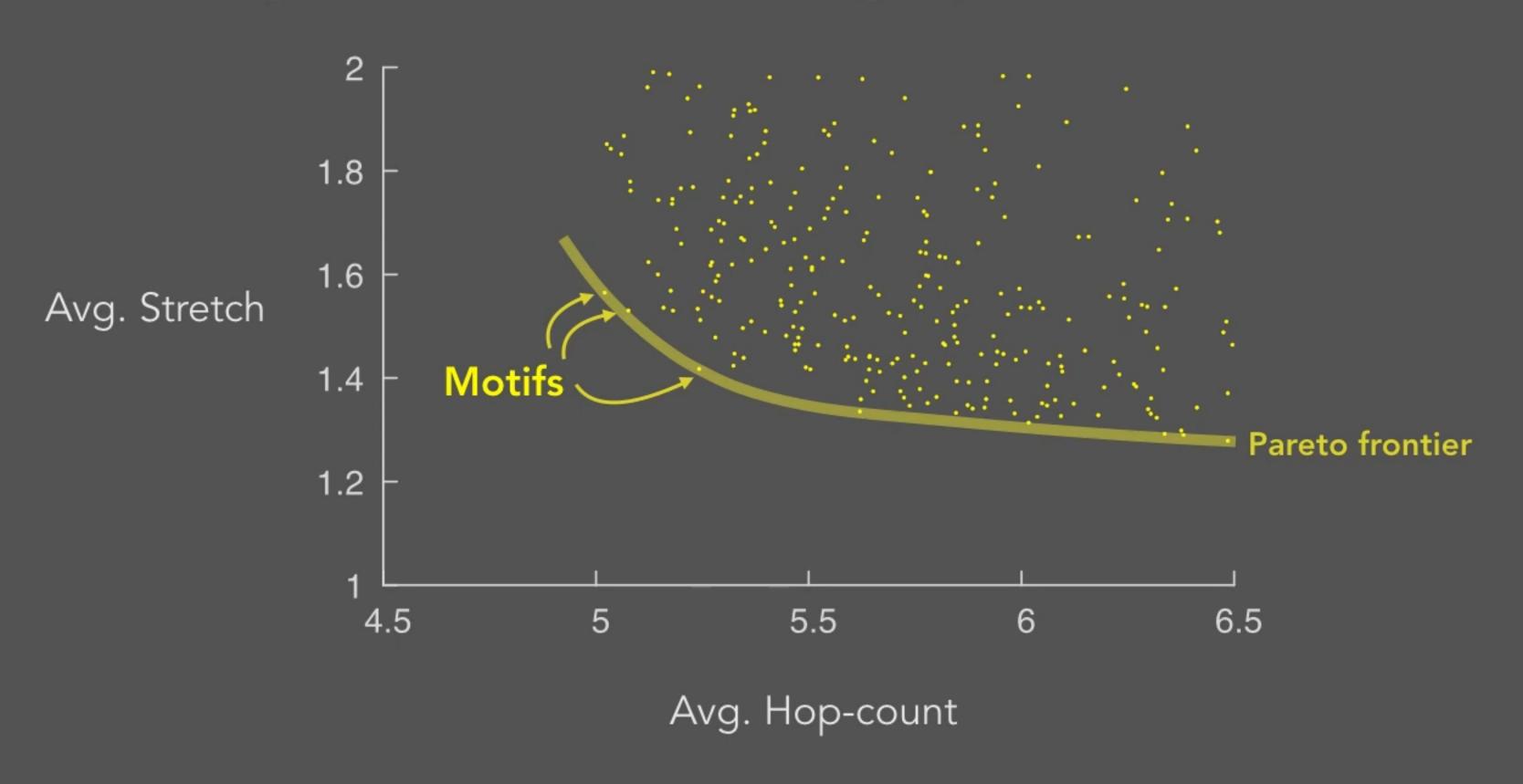
Motifs





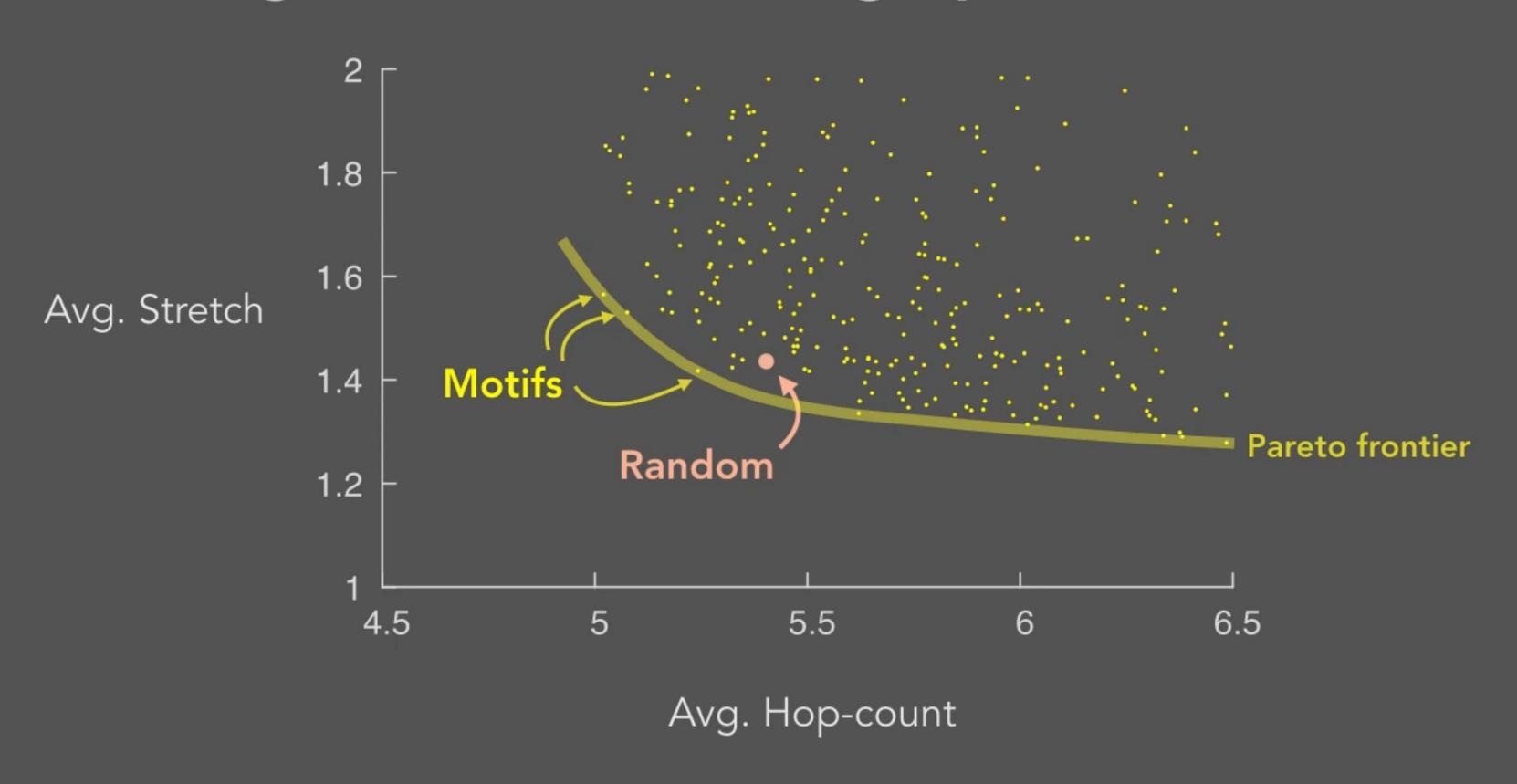
Performance

A large number of design points

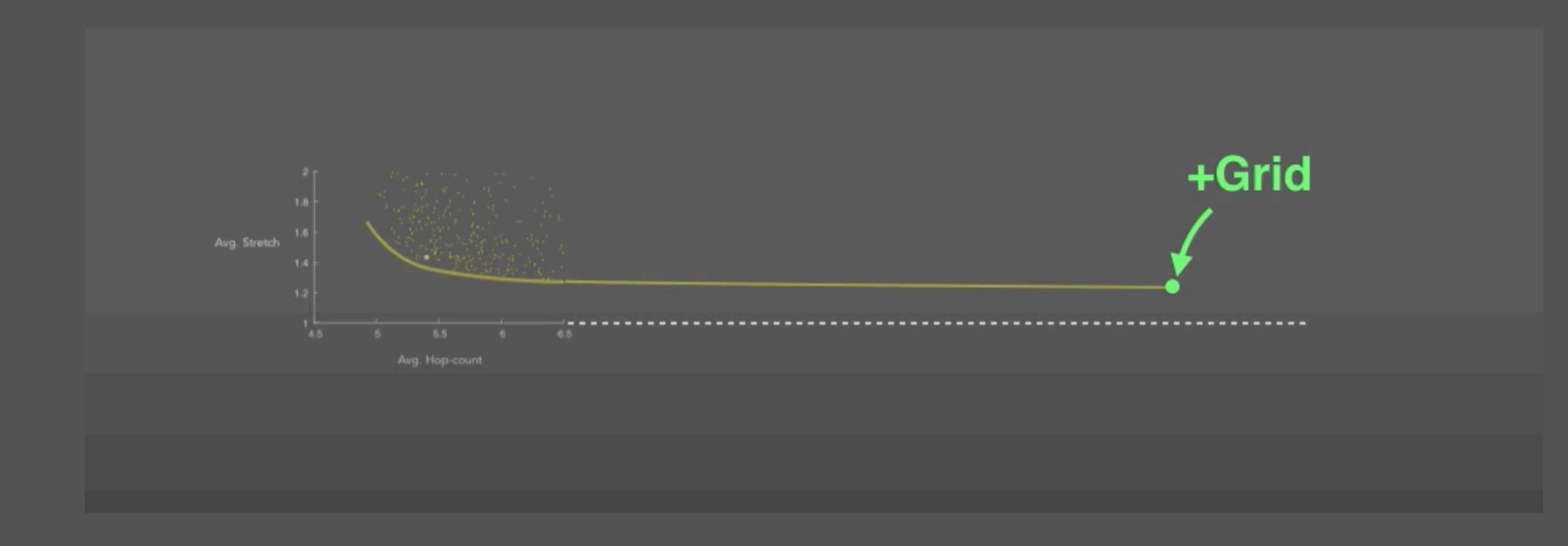


Performance - Random

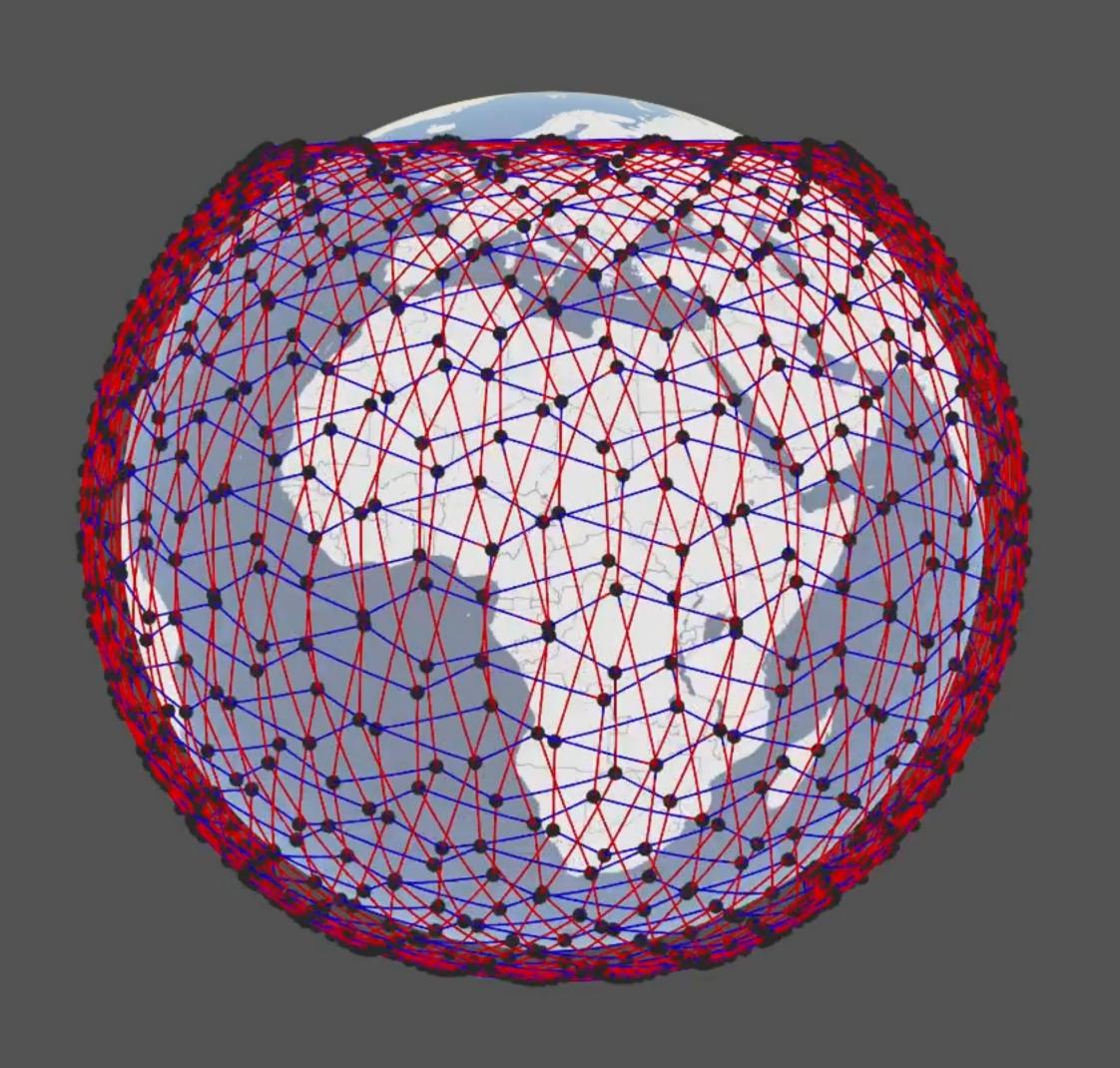
A large number of design points



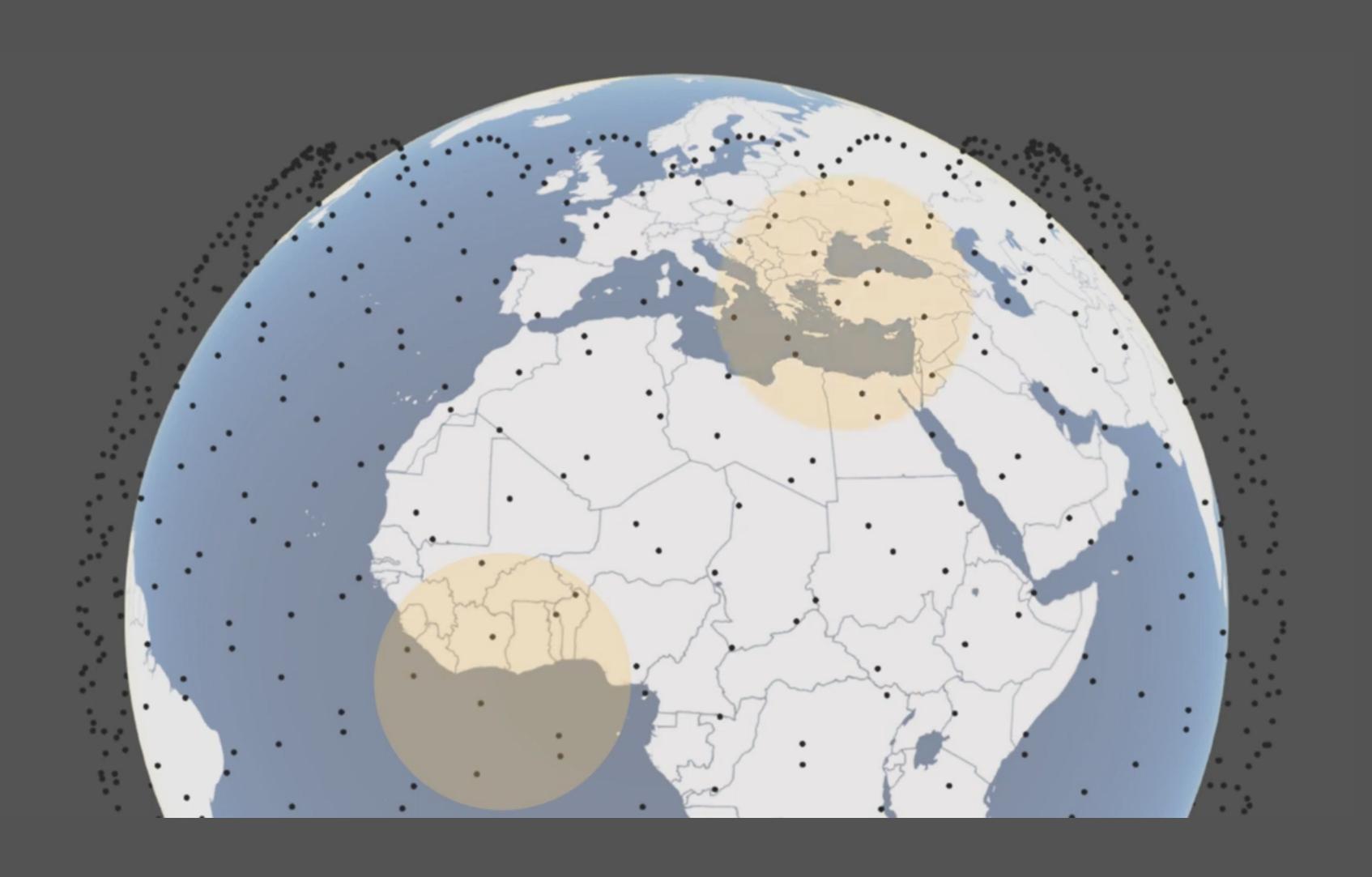
Performance - Grid



High-Performing Motif

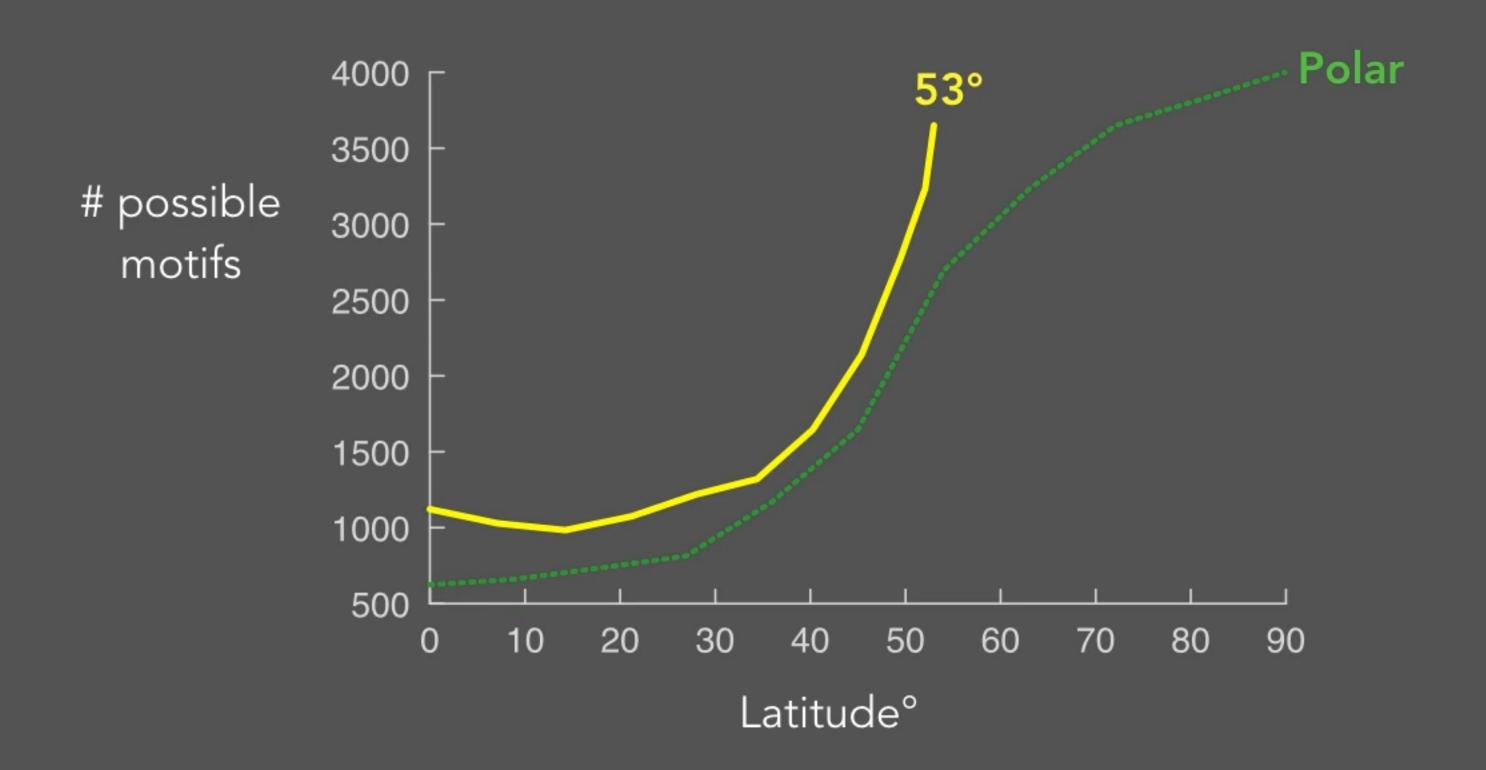


Constellation Density

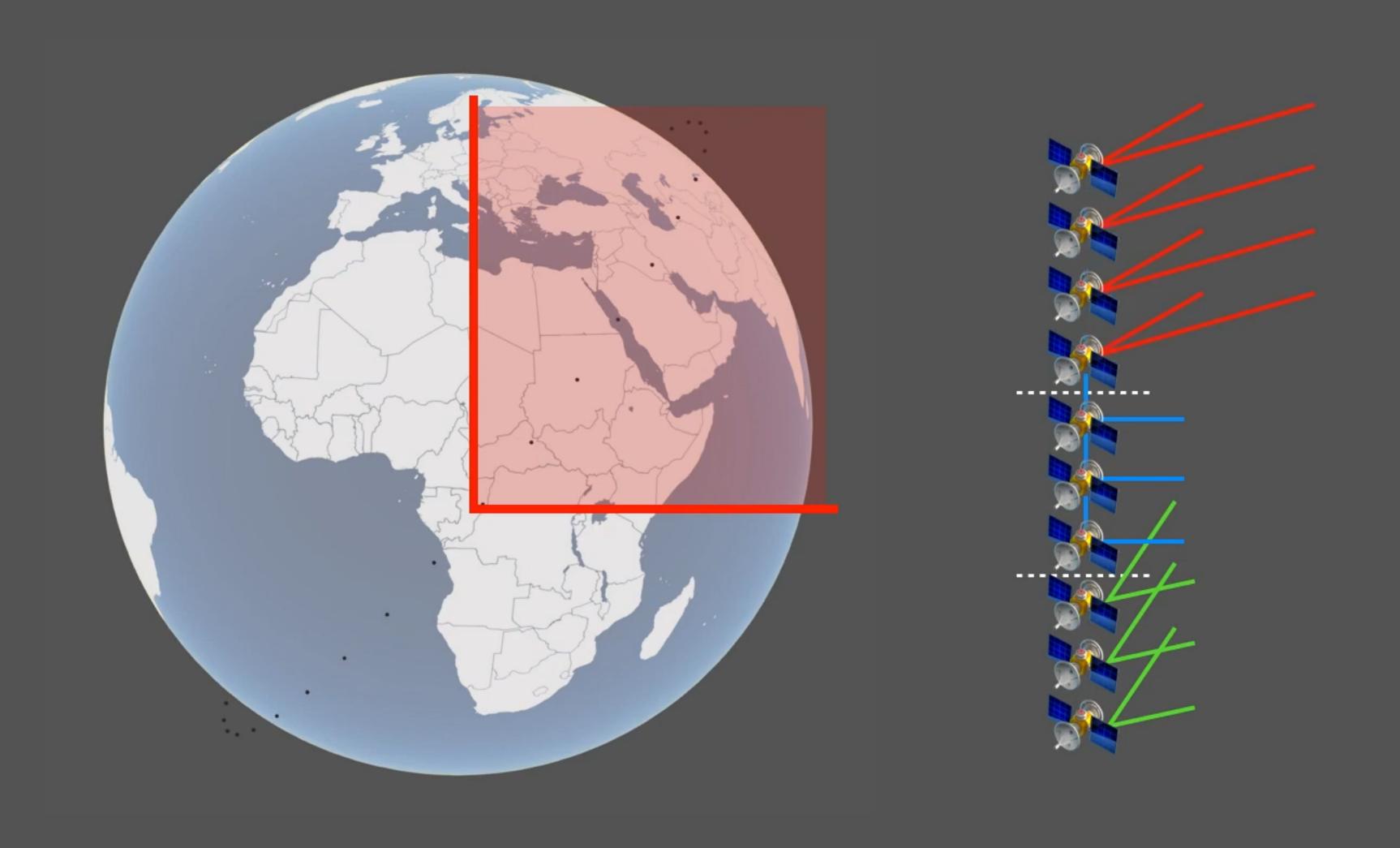


Possible Motifs

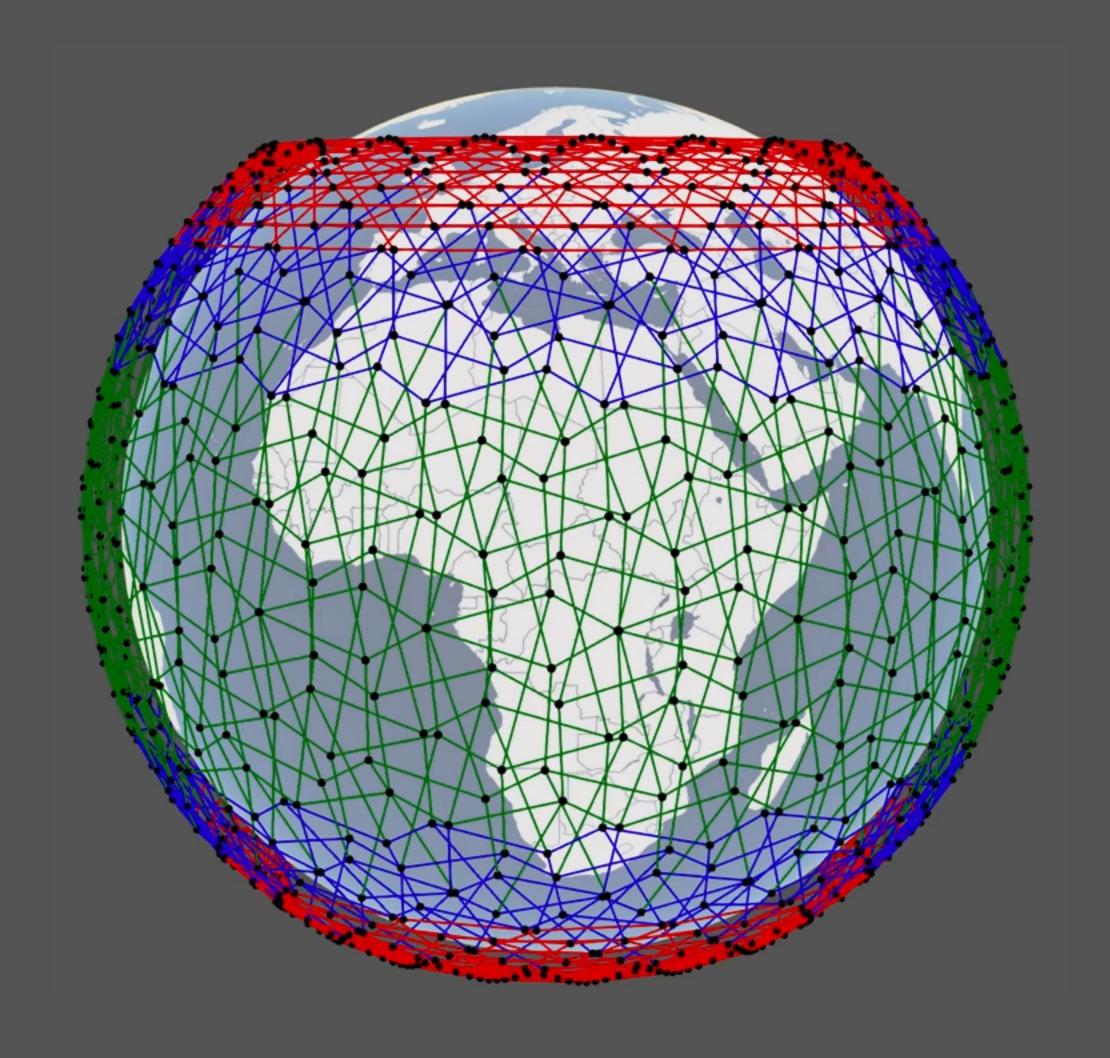
More options at higher latitudes



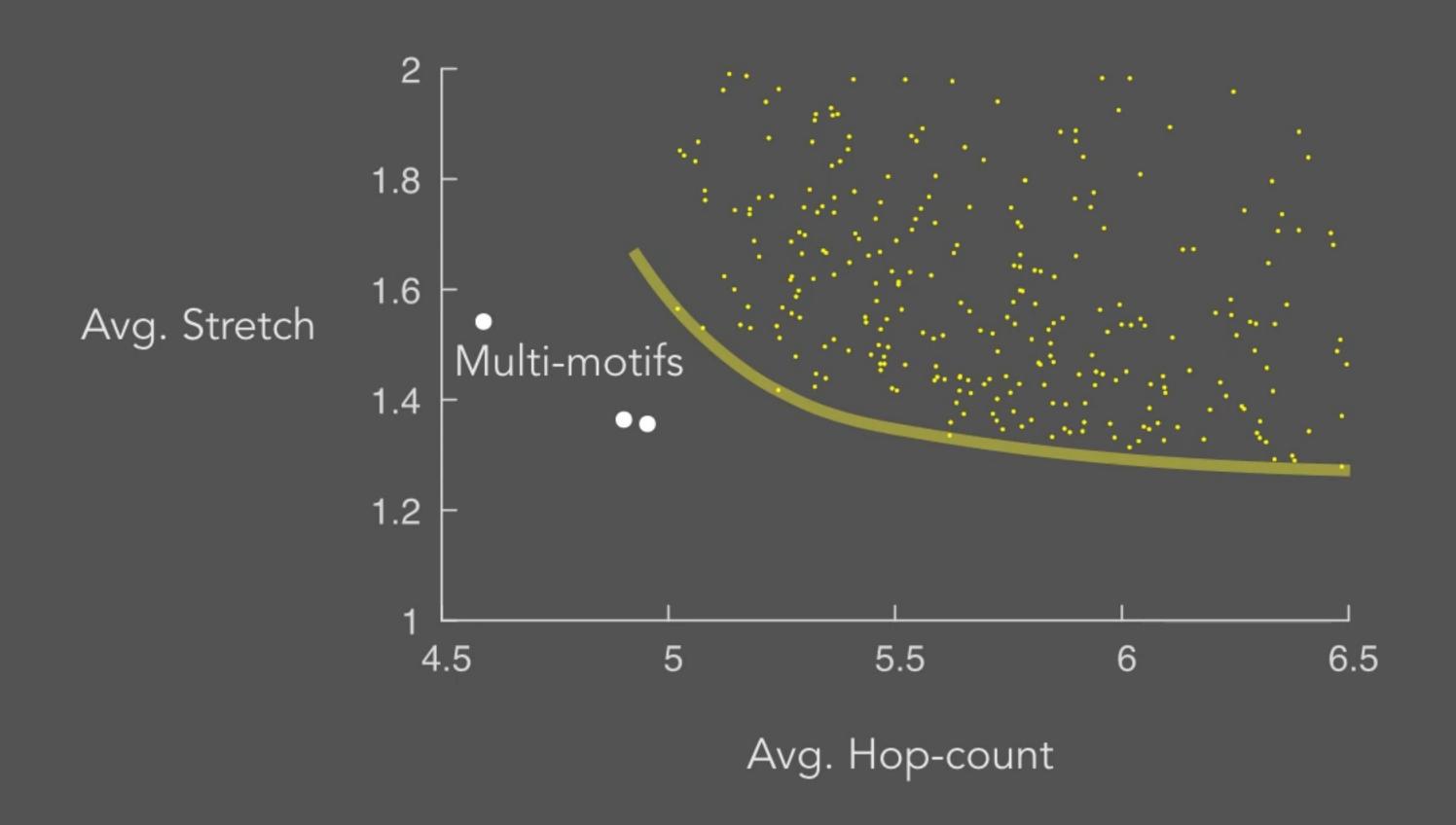
Multi-motif



3-zone scheme



Multi-motif Performance



Open Challenges

- Topology design with multiple "shells"
- Inter-Satellite Routing
- Congestion Control
- Ground Station Deployments
- Satellite Ground Station routing

Thanks!