CS-171, Intro to A.I., Winter Quarter, 2018 — Quiz # 2 — 20 minutes

NAME: _____

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1. (32 pts total, 4 pts each) Constraint Satisfaction Problem Concepts. For each of the following terms on the left, write in the letter corresponding to the best answer or the correct definition on the right. The first one is done for you as an example.

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Α	Solution to a CSP	А	A complete and consistent assignment
	Complete Assignment	В	Specifies an allowable combination of variable values
	Constraint Graph	С	Associates values with some or all variables
	Arc Consistency	D	Every variable is associated with a value
	Forward Checking	Е	The values assigned to variables do not violate any constraints
Assignment		F	Set of allowed values for some variable
	Domain	G	Nodes correspond to variables, links connect variables that
			participate in a constraint
	Constraint	Н	All values in a variable's domain satisfy its binary constraints
	Consistent Assignment	1	When variable X is assigned, delete any value of constraint-graph neighbor variables inconsistent with the assigned value of X.

2. (18 pts total, 2 pts each) Constraint Satisfaction Problems.

Label the statements as T (true) or F (false). The first one is done for you as an example.

2a. <u>T</u> A constraint satisfaction problem (CSP) consists of a set of variables, a set of domains (one for each variable), and a set of constraints that specify allowable combinations of values.

2b. _____A consistent assignment is one in which every variable is assigned.

2c. ____A complete assignment is one that does not violate any constraints.

2d. _____A partial assignment is one that violates only some of the constraints.

2e. _____The nodes of a constraint graph correspond to variables of the problem, and a link connects any two variables that participate in a constraint.

2f. _____A constraint consists of a pair *< scope, rel>*, where *scope* is a tuple of variables that participate and *rel* defines the values those variables can take on.

2g. ____Performing constraint propagation involves using the constraints to reduce the number of legal values for a variable, which in turn can reduce the legal values for another variable, and so on.

2h. _____A variable in a CSP is arc-consistent iff, for each value in its domain and each of its binary constraints, that constraint is satisfied by that domain value together with some value in the domain of the other variable in that constraint.

2i. _____The minimum-remaining-values (MRV) heuristic chooses the variable with the fewest remaining legal values to assign next.

2j. _____The least-constraining-value heuristic prefers the value that rules out the fewest choices for the neighboring variables in the constraint graph.

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3. (50 points each, 10 pts each) Constraint Satisfaction Problems



You are a map-coloring robot assigned to color this map of southern Tasmania Land Districts (formerly called counties). Adjacent regions must be colored a different color (R=Red, G=Green, B=Blue). The constraint graph is shown.

3a. (10 pts total, -5 each wrong answer, but not negative) FORWARD CHECKING.

BU has been assigned value B, as shown. Cross out all values that would be eliminated by Forward Checking (FC):

AR	BU	FR	KE	MG	MM	PE
R G B	В	RGB	RGB	RGB	RGB	RGB

3b. (10 pts total, -5 each wrong answer, but not negative) ARC CONSISTENCY. BU has been assigned B and KE has been assigned R, as shown; but no constraint propagation has been done. Cross out all values that would be eliminated by Arc Consistency (AC-3 in your textbook).

AR	BU	FR	KE	MG	MM	PE
RGB	В	RGB	R	RGB	RGB	RGB

3c. (10 pts total, -5 each wrong answer, but not negative) MINIMUM-REMAINING-VALUES HEURISTIC. Consider the assignment below. MG has been assigned B and constraint propagation has been done, as shown. List all unassigned variables (in any order) that might be selected now by the Minimum-Remaining-Values (MRV) Heuristic:

AR	BU	FR	KE	MG	MM	PE
RG	RGB	RG	RGB	В	RGB	RGB

3d. (10 pts total, -5 each wrong answer, but not negative) DEGREE HEURISTIC.

Consider the assignment below. (It is the same assignment as in problem 3c above.) MG has been assigned B and constraint propagation has been done, as shown. **Ignoring the MRV heuristic,** list all unassigned variables (in any order) that might be selected now by the Degree Heuristic (DH) ______

				MC	N / N /	
AR	BU	FR	NE	NG	IVIIVI	PE
RG	RGB	R G	RGB	В	RGB	RGB

3e. (10 pts total, -5 each wrong answer, but not negative) LEAST-CONSTRAINING-VALUE HEURISTIC. Consider the assignment below. (It is the same assignment as in problem 3c above.) MG has been assigned B and constraint propagation has been done, as shown. **BU has been chosen as the next variable to explore.** List all values for BU that might be explored first by the Least-Constraining-Value Heuristic (LCV).

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AR	BU	FR	KE	MG	MM	PE	
RG	RGB	RG	RGB	В	RGB	RGB	

Scratch Paper (1) Please Do Not Detach From Test

Scratch Paper (2) Please Do Not Detach From Test